**SAMPLE ERASMUS+ ENGLISH PROFICIENCY TEST QUESTIONS**

1. ................... means ‘be careful’.
2. Out of order
3. Help yourself
4. Watch out
5. Take it easy
6. Look after
7. I don't really want to have a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ job as I would like to have my mornings free to be able to study.

a. permanent

b. full-time

c. part-time

d. temporary

e. every day

1. ............................. happens when there is no rain for a long time.
2. Famine
3. Flood
4. Thunder
5. Earthquake
6. Drought
7. It has been three hours since Kate went out to the supermarket. I am starting to feel a little \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. nervous

b. terrified

c. worried

d. shy

e. excited

1. I missed the tram, ……………………………………………
2. Unless I walked home
3. Since I walked home
4. So I had to walk home
5. But I usually walk home
6. Because I had to walk home
7. Some of these clothes are .... , and the rest of .... belong to Zack.
	1. yours / it
	2. my / them
	3. hers / theirs
	4. me / they
	5. mine / them
8. I took the wrong book .............. mistake this morning.
	1. Through
	2. With
	3. On
	4. In
	5. By
9. My car ....................... on the way back from school yesterday afternoon.
	1. Gave up
	2. Start up
	3. Looked for
	4. Broke down
	5. Got up
10. ......................, Lucy. We are late and I don’t want to miss the beginning of the film.
	1. Turn up
	2. Listen to
	3. Work out
	4. Sit down
	5. Hurry up

**Answer 10-11 according to the text.**

Agriculture in the West and South of the United States has traditionally been supported by migrant workers who migrate or move from area to area according to the crops that need harvesting. Many Chinese, Filipino, and Mexican immigrants became migrant workers when they first arrived in the United States. Often they had problems with the English language or no skills that they could immediately use in the new country. A person looking objectively at the living conditions of these workers might say that their way of life was little better than slavery. They were housed in substandard conditions, received wages far below the minimum, and had no medical or insurance benefits. The migrant workers had no labor unions that could bargain for better wages, better hours, or improved working conditions. They had no money and no power with which to bargain with their employers. Employers were making fortunes by the sweat of their workers' brows. It took an idealistic, determined young man named Cesar Chavez to change the plight of the migrant worker forever.

1. Which of the following correctly describes the migrant workers?
	1. Only Mexicans were permitted to work on crops.
	2. Living and working conditions were generally poor.
	3. They often migrate from Europe.
	4. The workers usually stayed in one place for many years.
	5. All the workers were fluent speakers of English.
2. Which of the following describes the work done by migrant workers?
	1. It required skilled labor
	2. It was easy to learn for the migrant workers.
	3. It could only be done by native-born Americans.
	4. It was closely supervised by national labor unions.
	5. It was low-paid and working conditions were bad.

**Read the dialogue and choose the most appropriate option to complete the dialogue.**

1. Mother: How many friends have you invited to the party?

Daughter: ..........................................................

Mother: Yes, I was hoping you would. What are you planning to make?

Daughter: I thought I’d make the sandwiches.

1. Fifteen, but I’ll help you to get the food ready.
2. Rather a lot. Do you mind?
3. I am expecting about twenty. Is that too many?
4. Not many, only seven. Is the cake ready?
5. Ten or twelve. How many cakes do you need?

**Choose the sentence with the closest meaning.**

1. Our team played extremely well, but even so, we lost.
	1. We could have played better.
	2. Our team played well but the other team played better.
	3. Although our team won, the other team played extremely well.
	4. Our team deserved to win.
	5. Our team didn’t win, but we played magnificently.

**Complete the sentence with the most appropriate option.**

1. The moment I saw the sad face of my girl friend, ... .
	1. I begin to feel depressed.
	2. I have realized that we will have a discussion
	3. I had decided to leave the house
	4. I understood that something was wrong
	5. She has gone out for a walk.

**Choose the irrelevant sentence.**

1. (I) The article deals with the problem of pollution, especially water pollution. (II) Present-day traffic has destroyed much of the peace of the city centre. (II) On weekdays there are lorries everywhere delivering goods. (IV) At weekends there is an endless stream of private cars and buses. (V) I am always thankful I live in the quiet outskirts, not in the city centre.
	1. I
	2. II
	3. III
	4. IV
	5. V